The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,562—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JULY 14. 1879.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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To Subscribers Up-country.

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LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion ..... 3 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 4½ „ „
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In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Rs. 1-0
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Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our Personal Column rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

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Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs.	5	0
Second do.		2	8
Third do.		2	8
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4 lines, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. ETHIOPIA, 2,032 Tons, on SATURDAY, 19th July, 1879, at 3 P.M., calling at Rutnagherry Vingorla, Goa, Carwarre, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order.

Connexion to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore, specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd July, 1879, at 3 p.m., calling at KURRACHEE, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BAHRIEN, BUSHIRE, FAO, and BUSSORAH, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. VINDHYA, 578 Tons, on SATURDAY, 19th July, 1879, at 2 p.m.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ, ALGIERS AND LISBON.

S. S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, on FRIDAY, 25th July 1879, connecting at Aden with S. S. AGRA, 1,800 Tons.

Saloon passage ..... Rs. 500
Second Class passage ..... „ 335

The Agra carries a Surgeon and a Stewardess and is due in London on 6th September. Transfer at Aden made by Company.

FOR NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH.

S. S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, on FRIDAY, 25th July 1879. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered as the Union Company's steamer is timed to leave Zanzibar for Natal within 24 hours of Punjaub's arrival.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 12th July, 1879.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA on the 24th, of each Month, and BOMBAY on the 1st

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY,

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Including Wine
Suez	360	220	80	
Port Said	500	340	140	
Messina	500	340	140	
Naples	500	340	140	
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	550	350	145	

Without Wine

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:
MANILLA to sail on FRIDAY, 1st August 1879.
ASSIRIA to sail on MONDAY, 1st September 1879.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 0 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, April, 1879.

GRAND ORIENTAL HOTEL, COLOMBO.

WANTED, a SUB-MANAGER; a married man preferred.

For terms apply by letter to

THE SECRETARY,
Colombo Hotels Company, Limited, Colombo.

THE NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £3,000,000. ESTABLISHED 1836.

INSURANCE effected upon almost EVERY DESCRIPTION of PROPERTY in BOMBAY or the MOFUSSIL. For rates apply to

FRAMJEE, SANDS & Co., Agents.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
P. GRANT AND SON'S,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WHIPS, SPURS,
AND
MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! AND BULBS!!!

PALEKAR and Co., in thanking their Constituents and the General Public of Bombay and up-country for their kind and liberal patronage during the past six years, beg respectfully to announce that they have just received from England and Cape of Good Hope their first supply of Lawngrass, Flower and Vegetable Seeds. They have also just unpacked some splendid Dahlia and Gladiolus roots, and some very best garden implements. Early orders for these articles, and especially for Bulbs, are respectfully solicited. Price lists can be had post free.

PALEKAR & Co.,
Kalbadevi Road

Bombay, 28th May 1879.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors
Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

And a complete mitigator of Pain.
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES.

AS an application for
BRUISES, BURNS,
NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM
has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA,
DYSENTERY,
CHOLERA.

Or any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by Chemists all over the world.

Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY,
ESUFALLY HIPTULLA,
No. 99, Pir Market near Jumma Musjid.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1879
— THIBET	2593	400	J. H Torbock	18th July.
(a) MIRZAPORE	3763	600	A. Parish	25th do.
— GEELONG	1835	250	W. A. Seaton	1st Aug.
(a) NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	8th do.
— SURAT	3141	530	W. E. Breeze	15th do.
(a) AUSTRALIA	3663	600	G F. Cates	22nd do.
— BANGALORE	2342	450	C. Fraser	29th do.
(a) POONAH	3130	550	J. Orman	5th Sept.
— VENETIA	2726	450	C. G Perrins	12th do.
(a) PEKIN	3777	600	W. Woolcott	19th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (a) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 2 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 7th July 1879.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
CATHAY	2982	450	R. T. Dundas	21st July.
INDUS	3467	600	S D. Shallard	4th Aug.
KHIVA	2809	450	G. Lee	18th do.
GWALIOR	3722	450	J. C. Babot	1st Sept.
ANCONA	3200	600	E. G. Stead	15th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Bombay, 7th July 1879. Acting Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
ASSAM	3623	500	N. Stewart	18th July.
TANJORE	3262	450	W. W. Fentiman	15th Augt.
SIAM	3014	500	G. N. Hector	12th Sept.
ASSAM	3623	500	N. Stewart	10th Oct.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Bombay, 7th July 1879. Acting Superintendent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNSWEETENED GIN.

Treacher's Special Importation.

A SAFE and WHOLESOME STIMULANT, eminently suited for Indian consumption.

Per case of 1 dozen, cash Rs. 18.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

EFFERVESCENT LIME JUICE SALINE.

A kind refresher of summer heats, containing the salutary and curative properties of Lime Juice in a granular effervescent form.

Large bottles Cash Rs. 1-12 each.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET.

THE Company's importation of this Wine remains unequalled at the price. The Public are respectfully requested to compare the quality with similar Brands (so styled) recently shipped to this market.

Per doz. Quarts, Cash, Rs. 13-0.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

THE NEW REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

LACTOPEPTINE,

a composition of PTYALINE, PEPSINE, PANCREATINE, HYDROCHLORIC, and LACTIC ACIDS presented in an agreeable SACCHARATED form.

It is palatable and easy of administration, has DIGESTIVE POWER SEVEN TIMES GREATER THAN THAT OF PEPSINE, and contains all the agents of digestion that act upon food, from mastication to its conversion into chyle.

	Cash.	Credit.
Original bottles, with measure and directions for use	Rs. 3	0 Rs. 3

SOLE AGENTS:
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

METEOROLOGICAL AND PHYSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

RAIN GAUGES.—Simple in construction and guaranteed in accuracy ..... Rs. 12
ANEROIDS.—Of all sizes, for travellers, with scales of altitude ..... Rs. 22 to Rs. 65
MAGNETIC SUN DIALS.—Pocket size ..... „ 4-8
THERMOMETERS.—In every variety ..... Rs. 2 to Rs. 10
SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.—
Various patterns, per pair ..... Rs. 10 to Rs. 28
WET AND DRY BULB THERMOMETERS.—The pair on brass stand, or arranged for hanging ..... Rs. 35

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

ESPLANADE HOTEL.

MONTHLY RATES
FOR
JUNE, JULY, AUGUST, SEPTEMBER.

TOP FLOOR,
Rs. 100.

THIRD FLOOR,
Rs. 110.

SECOND FLOOR,
Rs. 120.

FIRST FLOOR,
Rs. 150.

These terms include
Apartments, Board, Attendance,
Ice, Baths and Lights.
No alteration in daily rates.

Esplanade, May 27, 1879.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Livery for Horses on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month including syce; Horses in infirmary Rs. 1 per day; Commission Rs. 17 from purchaser and seller on horse sold.

Every care and attention devoted to Shoeing and Breaking to Harness, both being under our immediate supervision. Horses sent from up-country will meet with a ready market.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

A Bay Arab Riding Horse, 7 years, 14—2½ high, carries a lady, Rs. 800.

A High-Caste Bay Arab Galloway, 4 years, 13—2½ high, goes in saddle, Rs. 300.

A handsome Stud-bred Brown Mare, aged, 14—3 high, fast in harness, and a light English-built Brougham, with a new set of Brass-Mounted Harness, Turn-out Rs. 1,000.

Girgaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 11th July 1879.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

ADVERTISERS would GREATLY OBLIGE us by causing their ADVERTISEMENTS to be DELIVERED at the Office as EARLY in the AFTERNOON as POSSIBLE.

WANTED, an OVERSEER for minor Public Works in the Wagra Taluka, Broach District. Pay, with allowances, Rs 60. None but men who have had experience in supervising works need apply. Address with Testimonials, COLLECTOR and PRESIDENT, District Local Funds Committee, Broach.

Broach, Collector's Office, July 1879.

FOR SALE.

A LIGHT English-built Buggy by "Macnaghten and Smith," price Rs. 400. Suitable for small Arabs.

A light Office Brougham, built by "Thorn," price Rs. 750.

A Madras-built 4-in-hand Brake, by "Simson & Co., price very moderate, property of a gentleman proceeding to England.

Information regarding the sale or purchase of Carriages and Horses, &c., &c., can be obtained on applying to the undersigned at their Establishment in Girgaum.

JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

THE SENATE of the University of Calcutta will proceed in the month of August next to the ELECTION of a TAGORE LAW PROFESSOR for such term as the Senate may approve.

The salary of the Professorship is Rs. 10,000 per annum, and one of the conditions of the appointment is that the Professor shall deliver in each year a course of lectures on some branch of Law.

Candidates for the Professorship are requested to forward their applications to the Registrar before the 26th July, and at the same time to state on what subject or subjects they are prepared to lecture.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY,
Senate House, the 5th July 1879. Registrar.

SUGAR.—DOUBLE REFINED WHITE CRYSTALIZED SUGARS, in Patent Waterproof Bags, to be had at the godowns of the undersigned, at the following rates:—

1st, White in Patent Bags of 10 lbs. Rs. 2-8 per Bag.
„ „ „ 40 „ „ 9-12 „
„ „ „ 80 „ „ 18-5 „
2nd, White „ 10 „ „ 2-6 „

Very Pure Grey Sugar in Patent Bags of about 168 lbs. at Rs. 17-8 per cwt.

THESE PURE SUGARS ARE NOT TO BE COMPARED WITH THE TRASH SOLD IN THE BAZARS.

Special arrangements with large consumers. Samples on application. Terms strictly Cash.

MIRZA ABDUL HOSAIN,
26, Apollo Street.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the TWELFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the PROPRIETORS and SHAREHOLDERS of the Bank of Bombay will be held at the Bank on WEDNESDAY, the 6th proximo, at 3 p. m., for the following objects:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts up to 30th ultimo.

2. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in room of Messrs. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit and Vurjeevundass Madhowdass, who are by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

3. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors,

M. BALFOUR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 9th July 1879.

RANEEGUNGE POTTERY WORKS, BENGAL.

Fire Bricks	1st prize	Silver medal.
Drain ge Pipes	1st prize	Silver medal.
Selection of Stoneware	1st prize	Silver cup.
Fine Tiles	1st prize	Silver medal.
Tea-drying Bowls	1st prize	Silver medal.
Assortment of fine Clay goods	1st prize	Silver cup.
Flooring Tiles	1st prize	Silver medal.
Selection of Pottery	1st prize	Silver medal.
Terra Cottawaro	1st prize	Silver medal.

At

THE BURDWAN AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION, 1879.

LOZENGES! LOZENGES!! LOZENGES!!!

Cough Lozenges.	Voice Jujubes.
Chlorodyne Lozenges.	Pink Jujubes.
Parigoric Lozenges.	Rose Jujubes.
Heart-Burn Lozenges.	Delectable Jujubes.
Digestive Lozenges.	Crystolised Fruit Jujubes.
Santonine Lozenges.	Grape Jujubes
Santonine and Calomel Lozenges.	Liquorice Jujubes.
Ipecac Lozenges.	Bismuth Lozenges.
Pepsine Lozenges.	Tannin Lozenges.
Ginger Lozenges.	Cayne Lozenges.
Peppermint Lozenges.	Liquorice (Spanish.)
Conversation Lozenges.	Catechu Lozenges.
&c.	&c. &c.

☞ A fresh supply of the above has been just received by

B. S. MADON & Co.,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
12, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

HIGH CLASS
ST. JULIEN CLARET,
IN PERFECT CONDITION.

PER CASK of 50 Gallons, packed for transport,

Rs. 225 Nett Cash.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG'S CIGARETTE MANUFACTORY.

FINEST TURKISH.
AROMATIQUE.

		per 1,000		per 100
No 1	EMPRESS	Rs. 34	Rs.	3 8
„ 2	PRINCE	„ 30	„	3 4
„ 3	TRIUMPH	„ 28	„	3 0
„ 4	IONE	„ 24	„	2 8

MILD TURKISH.
MOST DELICATE AND AGREEABLE.

		per 1,000		per 100
No 5	SUCCESS	Rs. 24	Rs.	2 8
„ 6	MEDON	„ 20	„	2 4
„ 7	BIJOUX	„ 18	„	2 0
„ 8	NYDIA	„ 18	„	2 0
„ 9	NYMPH	„ 15	„	1 12

GOLDEN SHAG.
EXQUISITE FLAVOUR AND BOUQUET.

		per 1,000	per 100
No 10	CONFIANCE	Rs. 20	Rs. 2 4
„ 11	ASSOCIATE	„ 18	„ 2 0
„ 12	CONSTANTIA	„ 15	„ 1 12

GOLDEN VIRGINIA.
PLEASANTLY FULL FLAVORED.

		per 1,000	per 100
No 13	WALKYR	Rs. 18	Rs. 2 0
„ 14	ZULEIKA	„ 15	„ 1 12

MANUFACTURED DAILY.
ALWAYS FRESH
AND
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Note.—The superlative superiority of the above Cigarettes, to any imported Brands, is simply due to the delicious freshness which distinguishes them, and which is their greatest charm.

Illustrated Price List forwarded on application.

REAL
HAVANNAH CIGARS.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Rs. 1; each succeeding line 8 As. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA—FOOTBALL TO-MORROW (Tuesday) EVENING.

MR. GOSTLING, ARCHITECT, has REMOVED his OFFICE to No. 26, APOLLO STREET.

10, HORNBY ROW.—FRESH HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES always on hand and prepared under European supervision.

FORT.—BOARD and LODGING for one or two Gentlemen with an English Family. Address C. P., *Bombay Gazette*.

FOR SALE, a CHESNUT C. B. HORSE, 5 years old, about 15—1½, quiet to ride and a good fencer, and quiet in harness. Apply to Lieutenant KUFER, R. A., Colaba.

EIGHT DAY CLOCK, 14 inch dial, strikes the hours, suitable for Barrack Room or Hospital, for sale at Rupees 65, as the Regiment for which it was ordered has gone home. C. MACDONALD & Co., Parsee Bazar Street, Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1879. Price Rs. 5; with postage Rs. 5-2. *Bombay Gazette* Office.

INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE, showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines, with Tables of Fares, and other information required by travellers, with a Coloured Map of India. Published monthly at the *Bombay Gazette* Office. Price As. 8.

CURRANTS, RAISINS, and SULTANAS, 4 Annas per lb., at FEARSE'S, 29, Apollo Street, Fort.

OLD GLENLIVET.

THIS WHISKY is a blend from some of the most noted Distilleries in Scotland, and is guaranteed to consist of PURE MALT SPIRIT only. It is thoroughly matured, very mellow, and entirely free from any smoky or objectionable flavour.

As large holders of the different kinds from which the Blend is made, we are in a position to allow the various Distillings to become thoroughly amalgamated before being bottled, an advantage which consumers of the article will readily appreciate.

TREACHER & Co. feel that it would be an insult to the intelligence of their Constituents to *put forward* Chemical Analysis and Medical Reports regarding this "Fine Old Spirit," as, however, gratifying these may be in themselves, they are obviously useless as affording a guarantee, that the Spirit offered, is the same as that commented upon.

TREACHER & Co. consider that the proper test of excellence of any article, consists in the demand for it, and judged by that standard, the fact, that, the sale of their "Fine Old Glenlivet" has increased more than tenfold during the past three years, and continues monthly to increase, may be accepted as conclusive proof of its character and value.

Samples sent on application.

Per 1 dozen case ..... Cash Rs. 22-8.

☞ SPECIAL QUOTATIONS TO MESSES, CLUBS, CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES AND OTHERS FOR QUARTER CASKS, HOGSHEADS, AND PUNCHEONS, WHICH ARE ALWAYS KEPT IN STOCK AT THE COMPANY'S WINE CELLARS, BYCULLA.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

HOUSEHOLD CLARET,

SOUND, WHOLESOME, RICH,
UNSURPASSED IN ANY MARKET.

Quarts, Rs. 10. Pints, Rs. 5-8 Per dozen.

D. S. KEMP AND CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

D. FERNANDES & COMPANY,

DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
30, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

PRESCRIPTIONS ARE CAREFULLY DISPENSED WITH THE PUREST DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,

under the personal superintendence of our Mr. FERNANDES who has had twenty years' experience in the business at Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

CONSULTATION FREE, AND MEDICINE CHARGES VERY MODERATE.

PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL SORTS.
A LARGE SELECTION OF PEBBLE SPECTACLES,
EYE-PRESERVERS—NEUTRAL-TINTED AND COLOURED.
FANCY SMELLING SALT BOTTLES, TOOTH BRUSHES, ELASTIC SILK SUSPENDERS AND BANDAGES.
A LARGE STOCK OF GOLD AND ALUMINIUM JEWELLERY.

NEW FELT HATS.

MADE ON THE IMPROVED COMPOSITE BODY,

MUCH LIGHTER AND MORE DURABLE THAN THE ORDINARY HARD FELT.

	Rs.	a.
The Campbell, Black Stiff Felt, Round Crown	8	0
The Craven, Black Stiff Felt, Round Crown, very Light	9	8
Do. do. Blue do.	9	8
The Campbell, Drab Stiff Round Crown	9	0
The Campbell, Beaver Brown, Round Crown	9	0
The York, Soft Black, Round Crown, Firm Spring Brim	8	0
Tweed Hats, in a variety of Shades	4	8
Tweed Helmets	4	8
Polo Caps	2	8
Tweed Caps	3	8
Tweed Travelling Caps, Ear Flaps	4	8
Straw Hats, Eton	3	0
Straw Hats, Oxford	4	0

	Rs.	a.
The Ranger, Stiff Black Flat Crown	8	8
The Henley, Stiff Black Flat Crown, very Light	9	8
The Stamford, Half Stiff Black Flat Crown	8	8
The Woodstock, Half Stiff Drab Felt Flat Crown	9	0
The Tyrol, Best Soft French Felt, Black and Drab High Crowns	9	8

DRESS HATS.

	Rs.	a.
Tall Drab, Extra Fine Felt	12	0
Best Black Dress, French Plush	14	

PROMPT ATTENTION TO MOFUSSIL ORDERS.

Our Illustrated Catalogue, containing the above Shapes, on application.

3, Rampart Row. HOAR & CO. The Travellers' Kit House.
TAILORS, HOSIERS, AND OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

BY LAND OR SEA.

BADHAM, PILE AND COMPANY

Beg to Draw the attention of Travellers and others to their CELEBRATED TRAVELLING KIT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

The prices quoted below are for Cash only.

	Rs.	a.
Deck Suits	10 to 15	0
Overland Suits	27	0
Warm Suits	30 to 40	0
Boys' Sailor Suits	9	8
Overcoats and Ulsters from	35 to 65	0
Dressing Gowns from	15 to 20	0
Pyjamas	3	0
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached	6	0
White do. do.	5	0
French Cambric do., Collar attached	5	0
Extra Cambric do.	4	0
Best Shrunk Flannel do.	8	8
Silk and Wool do	10	0
Spun Silk do	8	0
Gents' Under Vests	8 to 6	0
Bathing Drawers	3	8
Gents' Under Pants	4 to 3	8
Gents' Cotton Socks, dos.	8	8
Warm do	1	8
Ladies' Under Vests	4 to 6	8
Ladie White Cotton Hose doz	13	8
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose doz	9	0
Children's White Cotton Socks, from dos.	4 to 12	8
Heather Merino do.	5-8 to 12	8
Ladies' Sun and Travelling Hats, from	6 to 15	0
Travelling Caps	4	8
Travelling Caps	Seal-skin	
Caps	6-8 to	8
Dress Boots and Shoes from	12	8

	Rs.	a.
Travelling Hats	4	8
Cardigan Jackets	2-8 to	12
Cork Mattresses	9	8
Cotton do	15	0
Rug Straps	1-8 to	3
Waterproof Sheets	10	0
60-Inch Drab Twill Waterproof Sheeting	6	0
45-Inch White Waterproof	4	0
Linen Faced Collars dos.	0	12
Linen Faced Cuffs per doz.	1	8
Linen Cuffs per doz.	12	8
Linen Collars doz.	6	0
Cambric Handkerchiefs	5	0
Wash Gloves	1	4
Oriental Tooth Paste	1	8
Fragrant Florellino	1	8
Lougcaz Lotion, per doz.	2	12
Lloyd's Life-Saving apparatus	12	8
Oriental Beach	13	8
Gents' Sunshades	6	8
Ladies' Sunshades	5	8
Gents' Umbrellas	5	8
Double Iron Bedstead, 6ft. 6in	9	0
Single Iron Bedstead, 6ft. 6in	7	0
Portable Washstands	3	8
Travelling Canteens	31	0
Chubb's Despatch Boxes Fitted	60	0
Chubb's Cash Boxes 20 to	30	8
Silber's Patent Lamps 7-8 to	35	0
Hat Guard	0	8

	Rs.	a.
Tooth Brush Guards	0	12
Do. Brushes	0	12
Nail Do	0	12
Hair Brushes and Combs		
Pins Pigskin case, 3-8 to	12	8
Razors, Ivory Handles	3	2
Do. Strops	4	0
Nail Scissers	1	8
Briar Root Pipes	1	8
Tobacco Pouches	1	8
Champagne Taps	1	8
Pocket Knives	1	8
Marine Soap, 4 cakes for	1	0
Shaving do. Stick	1	4
Lloyd's Eurasia	1	8
Cigarette Holders	1	8
Fragrant Florellino	1	8
Lougcaz Lotion, per doz.	2	12
Lloyd's Life-Saving apparatus	12	8
Oriental Beach	13	8
Gents' Sunshades	6	8
Ladies' Sunshades	5	8
Gents' Umbrellas	5	8
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Single Iron Bedstead, 6ft. 6in	7	0
Portable Washstands	3	8
Travelling Canteens	31	0
Chubb's Despatch Boxes Fitted	60	0
Chubb's Cash Boxes 20 to	30	8
Silber's Patent Lamps 7-8 to	35	0
Hat Guard	0	8

	Rs.	a.
English horse hair pillows	7	8
Folding Camp Bedstead	23	8
Do. do.	23	8
Cotton do	15	0
Rug Straps	1-8 to	3
Razors, Ivory Handles	3	2
Do. Strops	4	0
Nail Scissers	1	8
Hair Root Pipes	1	8
Tobacco Pouches	1	8
Champagne Taps	1	8
Pocket Knives	1	8
Marine Soap, 4 cakes for	1	0
Shaving do. Stick	1	4
Lloyd's Eurasia	1	8
Oriental Tooth Paste	1	8
Fragrant Florellino	1	8
Lougcaz Lotion, per doz.	2	12
Lloyd's Life-Saving apparatus	12	8
Oriental Beach	13	8
Gents' Sunshades	6	8
Ladies' Sunshades	5	8
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Chubb's Cash Boxes 20 to	30	8
Silber's Patent Lamps 7-8 to	35	0
Hat Guard	0	8

BADHAM, PILE AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY.

THORPE AND COMPANY.

MASONIC CLOTHIERS AND JEWELLERS.

T. & Co. have now a large supply of MASONIC KIT on hand.

Master Masons' Aprons, English Constitution, Blue	Rs.	15	0
Do. do. Scotch Constitution, Red	„	16	0
Leather Cases for do.	„	3	0
Royal Arch Companions' Apron and Sash	„	30	0
Do Principal's Apron and Sash	„	33	0
Leather Case for do.	„	3	0

ROYAL ORDER APRONS AND SASHES.

18th Degree Aprons, Collars, Jewels, Swords, Belts, Cloaks, &c.
30th Degree Sashes, Bagles, Swords, Belts, Cloaks, Caps, &c.

LODGE KIT.

Working Tools, Wardens' Columns, Ballot Boxes, Jewels, Squares. Collar Jewels.

ESTIMAIT GIVEN FOR LODGE KIT COMPLETE.

THORPE AND COMPANY,

CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY TAILORS,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

S. SHRICRISTNAJEE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, Madras pattern, French polished, richly carved household furniture, best electroplated ware, porcelain ware, oil paintings, at Forbes Street, No. 14., below to B. Tyebjee, Barrister.

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant, Messrs. S. SHRICRISTNAJEE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, sale commencing at 1 p. m., at their residence above mentioned, the wh

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, 12TH JULY, 1879.

CONSOLS yesterday recovered ¼, closing at 97⅛, and French Rentes were ⅛ higher at 117½, but English Rupee Paper was unchanged at 77⅞ for Fours and 83⅞ for Fours-and-a-half.

In the London General Produce markets there is no movement to notice, and Linseed and Rapeseed are both reported firm.

Reuter calls the Manchester Piece Goods market steady, quotations being unchanged, with the exception of a decline of 3d. in 8¼ lb. 39 inch Grey Shirtings and ¼d. per piece in 39 inch Jaconets. Cotton in Liverpool yesterday closed steady, sales 8,000 bales, and to-day dull, sales 6,000 bales, prices, however, being unchanged since Thursday. From New York ready Mid. Uplands still comes at 12 3-16 cents, but October shipment which had yesterday receded to 11·26, has to-day recovered to 11·32 cents per lb.

Owing to a manifest error in Reuter's figures we are unable to give a comparison of the total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe, but we subjoin our usual statement of the supply in and afloat for the United Kingdom only. The stock in Liverpool, it will be observed, has fallen 33,000 bales during the week, and as it must now continue to diminish until supplies of New American come forward freely, we may look for the figures touching a very low point in the interval. This will tend to prevent any serious decline in prices, but so long as the American crop advices are favourable and Manchester does not improve, we are not, on the other hand likely to witness any important advance.

	1879.	1878.	1877.
Stock in Liverpool.....	589,000	781,700	981,410
Do. London.....	44,000	12,160	40,070
American Afloat.....	30,000	44,000	68,000
E. Indian ,, ...	185,000	124,000	157,000
Total.....	847,000	961,860	1,246,480
Price of Mid. Orleans...	6 15-16d.	6 9-16d.	6¼d.
,, Fair Dhollera...	5 7-16d.	5¼d.	5 3-16d.
Difference	1½d.	1 7-16d.	1 5-16d.

The American crop figures to date show the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1879.	1878.	1877.
Week's Receipts	2,000	5,400	4,700
,, Exports to U K	3,000	4,000	15,000
,, ,, to Continent.	3,000	3,000	2,000
Total Recpts. since 1st Sept.	4,4 4 5 0	4,211,600	3,925,900
,,Exports to U K ,,	1,993,700	1,956,000	1,952,300
,, ,, Continent. ,,	1,384,400	1,322,000	1,021,300
,, Stock at the Ports.	170,000	145,000	224,000
Saturday's Receipts ...	Nil	300	800

Bar Silver in London is still quoted at 51¾d. per oz., equivalent to about 1s. 7¾d. per rupee.

EXCHANGE this morning opened quiet, the only difference in quotations being that none of the Banks named higher than 1s. 7 15-16d, for demand drafts. As usual on Saturday very little business has been done, and the market, therefore, can scarcely be said to have been thoroughly tested, but there is no indication of any movement of importance, so long as we are free from any of those surprises in connection with Silver which have been so frequent of late. Closing quotations are :—

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 7 15-16 per Rupee.		
Do.	6 months' sight...	1s. 8 3-16d.	,,
Credits,	3 ,, ,,	1s. 8 3-16d.	,,
Documents,	3 ,, ,,	1s. 8¼d.	,,
France	3 ,, ,,	2·13	,,

On Calcutta demand drafts are now quoted at 3-16 per cent. premium, 60 days' sight at 13-16 per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER continues strong and rates must again be quoted ¼ per cent. higher, the buying quotations to-day being Rs. 94½ for Fours and Rs. 100½ for Fours-and-a-half. As compared with the values ruling a short time ago, prices are now at a comparatively high level, but it seems not at all unlikely that a further rise may yet be established as the bulk of the paper is in very few hands, and they seem by no means anxious sellers.

SHARES.—There is next to nothing doing in the market, and prices, as a general rule, are nominally unchanged. Bank of Bombays continue dull and are ¼ per cent. lower. Presidency shares are unchanged, and in Land Companies the only movement is a decline of Rs. 5 in Colabas. Spinning and Weaving Mill shares are practically unchanged, but we quote an advance of Rs. 5 in Coorla, Great Eastern, Manockjee Petit and Oriental, and a decline of Rs. 10 in Dhurrumsey.

COTTON business remains quite at a standstill with the exception of the small purchases made from day to day for the local mills, and there is no change in prices to notice. The arrivals yesterday were 1,518 bales, making 2,200 bales for the two days. We quote :—

Good Ginned Broach (nominal)...	Rs. 235	per candy f.p.	
Good Omra	do. ... ,,	228	,,
F. G. F. do	..... ,,	222	,,
G. F. do	..... ,,	216	,,
Good Dholleras	(nominal.) ,,	226	,,
F. G. F. do	..... ,,	221	,,
G. F. do	..... ,,	215	,,
G. F. Ginned Dharwar	..... ,,	214	,,
G. F. Compta	..... ,,	205	,,

SEEDS.—There is nothing doing for export and prices remain unchanged at Rs. 6·14 for Linseed and Rs. 7 per cwt. for Rapeseed.

FREIGHTS are slack and unaltered. For Liverpool the quotation remains at 20s. both by steam and sail, and for Havre and London 27s. 6d., payable at port of dischange. For Trieste and Venice 32s. 6d. and Marseilles and Genoa 30s. per ton, payable here at 2s. exchange, are the quotations.

PIECE GOODS present no new feature worthy of notice. The demand continues very languid and prices, if anything, are tending in buyers' favour, although no actual decline can be quoted. GOODS continue very dull at nominal prices, business being restricted to small retail lots from the bandar.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Bank.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p.ct	12¾
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	4 do	720
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 do	681½
Bank of Madras	60,000	500	all	3 do	650
National Bank of India..	37,320	£25 £12-10		6 do	110

PRESS COMPANIES

Akbar Cotton Press Co...	150	5,000	28,500	150 p.s.		800
Albert Co., Kurrachee..	500	5,000	1,100	125 do		970
Albert Ginning Co.....	100	500	all	12 p.ct		500
Apollo Press Co.....	750	2,750	2,200	32 p.s.		570
Bellary	175	1,000	all	20 do		1,250
Berar Company (New)..	155	500	all	80 p.s.		445
Indian Press Co.....	1,000	250	all	14 do		60
Broach Cotton Co	400	250	all	10 do		50
Carwar Co	1,000	1,500	all	75 do		50
Colaba Press Co	500	1,480	all	20 do		675
Dholiera F. and G. Co.	800	500	all	15 do		150
East India Press Co....	353	1,000	all	100 do		895
Fort Press Co	500	6,000	all	50 do		575
French Press Co.....	300	500	all	75 p.s.		475
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.....	1,125	400	all	30 do		180
Prince of W. Press	120	...	1,500	250 do		165
Sassoon's Press Co.....	600	500	all	25 do		300
Sind Press Co	400	850	750	60 do		455
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld....	100	1,000	925	125 do		1,210
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	150	850	all	12 p.ct		500
Volkart's United Press Co.....	450	1,000	1,000	25 p.s.		500

* Per Share for the half-year.

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New.)	4,000	3,000	all	15 ps*	810
Frere Land and Pier Co. Limited	7,500	150	all	4 p.s	113
Managon Land	1,750	2 000	1,000	40 p.s.	325
Port Canning Land-Company, Limited..	6,000	1,400	all	15 p.s	210

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Alfred Manufacturing Co.	1,000	500	all	Nil	400
Allience Spinning	50	2,500	all	30 p. a.	1,250
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	30,000	10	10	Nil	60
Bhowngagar M. and P. Company who owned	30	2,000	2,000	do	500
Bombay United.....	80	1,000	all	do	680
Coorla S. and W. Co....	1,00	1,000	all	do	510
Central India S. and W Company	2,50	50	all	do	560
Dhurumsey Spinning ..	2,00	3,000	all	do	165
Empress S. and W. Co..	70	50	all	do	365
Great Eastern.....	1,40	1,000	all	do	735
Hindustan S. & W. Co..	67	1,000	all	do	750
Hydrabad S. and W. Co	70	1,000	1,000	do	475
Jewraj Balloo Mills	78	1,000	all	do	550
Khandesh Spinning	75	1,000	all	do	840
K. Muconjee S. & W. Co.	1,00	1,000	all	do	650
Madras Spinning	30	1,25	all	do	100
Madras U. Spinning....	42	1,000	all	50 p.s	1,125
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co.....	80,000	50	50	Nil	400
Manockjee Petit's.....	2,50	1,000	all	30 p.s	1,030
Morarjee Spinning	1,04	1,000	all	Nil	880
Managon S. and W. Co..	2,00	5,000	...	do	130
National S. and W. Co. of India.....	95	1,000	all	do	650
Oriental	1,00	62	all	do	555
Prince of Wales Spinning	60	1,25	all	do	65
Sassoon S. & W. Co....	1,50	1,000	all	do	915
Soonderdas Spinning ..	68	1,00	all	do	500
Do do. 4 Share.	50	1,00	250	do	190
Sholapore S. and W. Co	50	1,00	all	do	655
Victoria Mills	55	1,00	all	do	475

* Per Share for the half-year.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION.

Albert Mills	40	2,00	1,70	Nil	
Alexandra S. and W. Co.	2,25	415	all	do	
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company	2,00	800	all	do	
Broach Mills	..	..	..	..	nominal
Colaba S. and W. Co. ..	900	1,00	all	do	
Fleming S. and W. Co..	2,75	550	all	do	
Mandvie S. and W. Co..	1,20	500	all	do	
Nerad S. and W. Co. ..	..	..	..	..	
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.....	60	2,00	all	do	
Nursey S. and W. Co....	2,50	400	all	do	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Burma Trading Corporation	1,00	2,500	1,500	225 p.s		1,875
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.....	150	10,000	2,000	250p.s.		2,700
Bombay Gas Company..	50,000	50	all	7½ p.ct		58
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co. Limited..	1250	100	100	10 p. s.		110
Bombay new Mills Co..	600	1,000	all	...		375
Landing and Shipping Co of Kurrachee, Ld.		500	200	36 p. s.		265
Malabar Company, Ld.	1,00	200	100	7½ p. ct		10
Mechanical Buildings Co.	1,00	500	all	p. s.		
Prince of Wales Insurance Company.....	25	8,000	1,00	75 p. s.		1,005
Thacker and Co., Ld. ..	1,00	100	100	10 p.ct.		100
Treacher and Co.	1,00	500	all	60½ p.s.		650
Vegue Patent Slip Co.	1,00	200	all	p.ct		15

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE BARQUE FANNY, 398 tons, Captain W. J. Forsyth, will sail to-day for Tuticorin with a general cargo.

THE SHIP CALLIOPE, 1248 tons, Captain A. Delarey, will sail to-day for Colombo, with a cargo of 27,904 Indian maunds salt and 44 bundles wire matting.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's s.s. ARABIA, 315 tons, Captain J. W. Stewart, sailed on Sunday last for Kurrachee with a general cargo. The same Co's s.s. Arabia, 674 tons, Captain C. C. Thomson, sailed on the same day for Rangoon via Negapatam, with a general cargo. Also the same Co.'s s.s. Malda, 1268 ons, Captain J. Lang, sailed on the same day for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and 15 deck passengers.

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destinations.
12	Akola (s)	Stewart	Kurrachee.
	Arabia (s).....	Thomson	Rangoon.
	Malda (s)	Lang	Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances on Saturday last :—
Ship Callirhoe, Delarey, to Calcutta.
Barque Fanny, Forsyth, to Tuticorin.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last :—
Steamer Calcutta, to P Gulf via Kurrachee.
Ship Queone to Calcutta.
Ship Thunderbolt, to United Kingdom via Kurrachee.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

July.			
8	Simla (s)	Francis	Moulmein, July 1.
	Commilla(s)	Hart	Rangoon, July 3.
	Futtel Razzy	Richeseau	Jeddah, May 29.
	Balkamah	Sediford	Newport, Mar 18.
9	City of Florence.....	Hunter	Calcutta, July 5.
	Queen of the Age	Cooper	Bombay, June 16.

DEPARTURES.

July 8—Steamer Malabar.
July 9.—Oonjia.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

By Queen of the Age—Lady Belhaven, in Lat 9 N, Long 84 W.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

July.		
10	Navarino (s).....	London.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGERS.

Per s s Navarino—Mr and Mrs Norton, Mr Norton, Miss Norton, Mr and Mrs Borley and 2 children, Mrs and two Misses Briggs, Miss Sheridan, Mr and Mrs Batcher and 3 children, Mr and Mrs Young, Mrs Chandler Miss Allan, Miss Leicke, Messrs. Marsack, Lynn, Goldsworthy, Whereat, Bayley, Hart, Montcalk, and Burkitt.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JULY 12.

FROM LONDON.

Childers—108 cases writing foolscap paper, Bhicoo Sazba and Co; 50 casks Portland cement, Tyabally Chandabhoy.
Thibet s—6 boxes gold bar and coins (Rs 3,00,000) and 59 boxes silver coins (Rs 1,69,000), the C M Bank of I L and China.
Calliope—5 cases glassware, Fakeerjee Pestonjee.
Eilen Bess—4 crates earthenware, Muncherjee Pallonjee; 50 cases beer, Finlay, Muir and Co
Kaiser-i-Hind s—3 cases blotting paper, Shriffally Moosabhoy.
Eagle—100 cases old tom, D D Shah.
St George s—12 cases sherry, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Mirzapore s—12 cases port, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Speke Hall s—30 cases sheet iron, C H B Forbes and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Singapore s—100 boxes brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 12.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Branksome Hall s—700 cwts bone-dust, Bevtil Brothers; 4,000 cwts wheat, Lang Muir and Co; 170 bales cotton, S L Macnaghten; 1,720 cwts wheat, Remington and Co.
Edwin—61 bales cotton waste, Ramjee Moolchund; 600 cwts W and A Graham and Co; 238 bales cotton, Rallí Brothers; 6 bales wool, Premchund Jaichund; 15 bales wool, Luckmidass Khimjee; 180 bales wool, Nur-ee Khuttow.

FOR LONDON.

Euphrates s—5 bales carpets, Khuljanbhoy Dama; 300 cwts rapeseed, N h lchund Nuglidass; 450 cwts rapeseed, Vullubjee Gbelchi d; 20 cwt nux-vomica and 270½ cwts wild turmeric, Sewjee Ramjee.

FOR THE CONTINENT.

Thunderbalt,—100 tons old iron, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Thibet s—100 bales cotton, D Macfedyn and Co; 59 casks cocoanut oil, P and O S N Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Formosa—80 bales cotton, Shreeram Shewdutroy; 100 bales cotton, Megjee Poonja.

FOR HONGKONG.

Adria s—200 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co; 100 bales twist, the Anglo I S and M Co.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 14,

[Before the Honorable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.]

SUMMARY SUIT.

400-79—Rimington, W and C—Sir Charles John Forbes and others vs Bodha Rachowjee.

Such of the following new cause fixed for the 14th instant, which either party has informed the Prothonotary or the Deputy Registrar, will be defended will not be called on in all any Consent Decree and undefended suits in the list are disposed of. Defended suits will stand over and be taken in their order after suit No. 99-79.

NEW LONG CAUSES.

331-79—A F Turner—Mugbjee Hunsraj and others vs Mathoo-

392-79—J Jefferson and P—Cowasjee Pallonjee vs Merwanjee Pallonjee.

333-79—C Garna—Trikomdass Rachowjee vs Maharaj Shri Jeswantajee Khai-hunker and D.

334-19—R Skipsey—Ruttonsey Jadowjee and another vs Tejpall Goculdass and others.

335-79—Arda heer and ..—Eduljee Pallonjee Bottlewala and others vs Hurjebhoy Ruttonjee Kapadia.

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

189-79—Hearn, C and L—Domingo Fernandes vs Hajee Haroon Mahomed—Craigie, L and O.

292-79—Craigie, L and O—Hajee Haroon Mahomed vs Domingo Fernandes—Hearn, C and L.

4328-79—Craigie, Lant O—Hajee Haroon Mahomed vs Domingo Fernandes (under extraordinary jurisdiction).

360-78—Crawford and B—Edward Vishnu Money vs Damodhur Trikomdass Nemgy—Mujee and B—Part heard.

295-79—Macfarlane and G—Jaffejee Abdool Ally vs Tyebally Cassunjee and others—Tyebjee and S.

99-79—Moreshwar L—Vyenkajee Laorjee vs Buchoobai and others—Lynch and T.

[Before the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.]

FOR JUDGMENT.

668-77—Bhaishunker and D—The Hon'ble John Marriott vs Rut on ey Khimjee and others—Hapurjee and T.

FOR INVESTIGATION UNDER SEC. 408 OF ACT X. OF 1877.

In person—Sadashiv Bhasker Joshi vs Dhakubai and others—Balkrishna and B.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

169-79—Shamrao P—Sewbux Ramlagval vs Currimbhoy Allibhoy and another—Chaik and W (part heard).

133-79—Khund-rao M—Jewa Kesoore and another vs Shamjee Jeevandas and others—Jeferson and P (part heard).

427-78—Arde heer and H—es onjee Dhunjeebhoy and another vs Hurridass Purshotum and another—Smith and F.

389-78—Pestonjee and T—Nanjee Premjee vs Narrondass Lukhmidass and others—Hearn C. and L.

204-79—Chaik and W—Currimbhoy Allibhoy and another vs Sewbux Ramdayal—Shamrao P.

642-78—Shamjee Premjee—Anandjee Viram and another vs Lillabhur Pragjee—Smith and F.

237-79—Macfarlane and G—Thbowmdass Veerjee vs Lalbhoy Premjee and another—Tyebjee and S.

32-79—M M Munshi—Narayen Assoo vs Jewandass Mooljee and another—Tyebjee and S.

782-77—Khanjee and T—Premchund vs Dayal Bhimjee—Bhaishunk-r and D.

250-78—Hearn, C and L—Nowrowjee Ardesir Wadia vs Dawood Sha—Crawford and B.

102-79—Crawford and B—F C Quinement vs Rene de Saint Quintin and others—Chaik and W.

419-79—Chaik and W—Rene de Saint Quintin vs F C Quinement—Crawford and B.

260-79—J C Coms—Cursondass Zeenabhoy vs Shaik Essa bin Khalliffe—Macfarlane and G.

240-73—Ardeshir and H—Merwanjee Dhunjeebhoy vs Mdhowdass Goculdass and others—Shapoorjee and T and Prescot and W.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE GREEN.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

624-78—A F Turner—Mungesh Purshotum vs Moroba Raghoonath and another—Craigie, L and O—Part heard.

84-78—Nanabhoy and T—Tookaram Mohta vs the G I P Railway Company—Hearn C and L.

302-79—Tyabjee and S—Somonjee Cursetjee Cama and others vs Dalpatbhoy Bhowoobhoy and another

306-79—Moreshwar L—Vullibhoy Khaubhoy vs Patel Aba Oosman, in person.

322-79—In person (a pauper), Ruckmai vs Suckoobai—Bhaishunker and D.

For further directions and costs.

326-78—Bhaishunker and D—F M G Ferdira vs Hajee Essac Adams—Hearn, C and L.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

FOR LIVERPOOL VIA CAPE.

1015 Ellen Bates, Hodgson—Edward, Bates & Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL VIA CANAL.

1347 Branksome Hall (s), Collin Edward, Bates & Co.
1241 Edwin (s), Young—Killick, Nixon & Co

FOR LONDON VIA CANAL.

3186 Hindostan (s), Hiselwood—Mails, 11th July.

FOR HAVRE AND LONDON.

1299 Euphrates (s). Mitchell—Finlay, Muir & Co.

FOR NICOBAR ISLAND VIA GALLE.

269 Osprey, Hughes—B. R. Festonjee.

FOR CALCUTTA.

915 Formoss, Hayland—The Captain.
172 James Livesay, Smith—Edward, Bates & Co.
1668 McAllan Moore, Smith—The Captain.
1437 Canon, Clements—The Captain.
1696 Trafalgar, Johnston—The Captain.

FOR MAURITIUS.

227 Adela, Mathesan—Killick, Nixon & Co.

FOR MOULMEIN.

875 Hougoumont, Sing—W. M. Macaulay & Co.
1288 Peruvian Cengreve, Power—The Captain.

FOR HONGKONG.

1884 Cathay (s), Dundas—Mails, 7th August.
78 Adria (s), Stewart—P. & O. Co.

FOR AUSTRALIA.

1747 Assam (s), Stewart—Mails, 18th July.

FOR VENICE.

1139 Geelong (s), Fraser—Mails, (1st August).
1671 Thibet (s), Forback—Mail-, 18th July.

FOR BUSSORAH.

424 Calder (s), Ormandy—P G S N Co.

FOR JEDDAH.

1417 Columbian (s), Baldwin—Shepherd & Co.
1390 Suez (s), Eaton—J. Mackintosh & Co.

FOR U. KINGDOM VIA KURRACHEE.

1198 Thunderbolt, Parsons—Ritchie Steuart & Co.

NOT FIXED.

1216 Ben Rhydding, McGill—Finlay, Muir and Co,
896 Childers. McFee—The Captain.
125 Golconda (s), Seaton—P and O. Co.
767 Rimo (s), Dorrit—Messrs bin Calil's.
1434 Lucile, Scott—The Captain.
1420 Traveller, Harding—The Captain.
1080 Tweed (s), Wilson—W and A Graham & Co.
1232 William Burket (s), Freeman—The Captain.

ROYAL NAVY AND BOMBAY MARINE.

874 Abyssinia (s), 4, James—(Harbour Defences.)
597 Amherwitch (s).
995 Coarwitch, Elton—(I. G. S.)
1060 Dalhousie (s), Powell.—(I. G. S.)
581 Kwangton (s),—(I G S).
1107 Magdala (s), 4, James—(Harbour Defences.)
417 Manora (s).
1138 Patrick Steuart (s), Stiffe—(I. G. S).
1007 Tenasserim (s), Street.
774 Vulture (s), Eliot—Pringle.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
BOMBAY, 11th July 1879.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 a.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·675
Temperature of the Air	83·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·9
Dew Point	77·5
Relative humidity of Air	·841
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =8).	7·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.).....	85·7
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)...	80·0
General Direction of Wind.....	WSW, W, WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours } From midnight to midnight.	478
Fall of Rain	0·03
Total fall during the month	1·99
,, ,, year	23·72

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 11.

Grant, Major, Staff Corps, from leave, from Nasirabad.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 12.

Boyd, Major, Staff Corps, on leave, to Alghur.
Grant, Major, Staff Corps, from leave, to Kurrachee.

BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Calcutta Gazette*, July 9.)

Mr O'Donnell, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Sewan and Gopalgunge divisions of the district of Sarun, is allowed leave for three months.

Mr Gark, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Meherpore, Nuddea, is appointed to have charge of the Sewan and Gopalgunge divisions of the district of Sarun.

Mr Samuells is appointed to act, in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, in the district of Balasore.

Mr Haggard, Deputy Collector, Serajgunge, Pubna, is transferred to the Sudder Station of the Chittagong district.

Mr. Ogilvie, Deputy Collector, Dumparam, is appointed to have temp rary charge of the Behtiah division of that district.

Mr Worsley, Deputy Collector, is posted to Rajmehal in the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Rev Joseph Spear, Chaplain of Kidderpore, is allowed leave for three months.

8th July—The following gentlemen are appointed to act, until further orders, as Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agents in the Benares Agency: Mr Nicholson, Mr Kinlock, Mr Ross.

Mr Vaux, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Kurseong division, appointed to have charge of the Julpigoree Forest Division.

Mr Price, Asst Engineer First grade, attached to the Nuddea Rivers Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months.

POSTAL NOTICES.

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN MAILS.

	Date.	Mail closes.	after packet.
United Kingdom	July 18	5-30 P.M.	...
Kurrachee	,, 16	8-0 A.M.	9-0 a.m.
Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.	,, 16	1-0 P.M.	2-0 p.m.
China	,, 21	5-0 P.M.	5-30 p.m.
Australia	,, 18	3-45 P.M.	4-15 p.m.
Mauritius and Reunion.....	,, 25	5 30 P.M.	...
Zanzibar, &c.	,, 25	5-30 P.M.	...

DESPATCH OF INLAND MAILS FROM BOMBAY.

One after-packet will be made up at the General Post Office and the times for posting are given in the subjoined table.

A Post Office is established at the Bori Bandar Railway Station, where Letters and Papers, two hours before the Mail closing at the General Post Office, will be received on payment of ½ an up to 5 minutes of the departure of Trains.

No Letters or Papers can be posted in the Railway Carriage Letter Box.

Table showing the hours for closing the Inland Mails which came into force from the 15th October 1878 and will continue so until further notice :—

Latest hour for Posting

MAILS.	At General Post Office. Ordinary Letters and Papers.	At General Post Office. Register-ed Letters & Parcels.	At Branch Post Offices.	At the Bombay Bandar Railway Station Post Office.
For Bengal, N. W. Provinces, Punjab Central Provinces, Malwa, Berar, and for all Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway	4-50 P.M.	3 P.M.	3 P.M.	5-25 P.M.
For Poona, Madras Presidency, the Deccan and Southern Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway	1-20 P.M.	12 NOON.	12 NOON.	1-55 P.M.
For Post Towns on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, Gujerat, Katty war, and Kutch..	5-30 A.M.	4 P.M. for delivery of previous day.	5-30 P.M.	Grant Road. 6-30 A.M.
For ditto on the S. E. line of the G. I. P. Railway as far as Poona also for the Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	10 A.M.	Do.	8-30 A.M.	...
For ditto on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway as far as Nandgaon, Far Canara & Portuguese India.	6 A.M.	Do.	5-30 P.M. of previous day.	Bori Bander. 6-55 A.M.
	5-30 A.M.	Do.	Do.	...

Registered letters and banghy parcels for despatch by all mails, will be received, except on Sundays, from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.

CALENDAR FOR JULY 1879.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

New Moon ..... 19th, 1h. 57·2m P.M.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
July. Mon. 14	English mail expected.	5 32	6 39	{ 8 0 m { 7 3 a	0 48 m 1 40 a
Tues. 15	St. Swithin.	5 32	6 39	{ 9 7 m { 8 14 a	1 52 m 2 56 a
Wed. 16	.....	5 33	6 39	{ 9 59 m { 9 13 a	2 48 m 3 54 a
Th. 17	.....	5 33	6 38	{ 10 38 m { 10 1 a	3 38 m 4 35 a
Fri. 18	.....	5 33	6 38	{ 11 12 m { 10 47 a	4 22 m 5 13 a
Sat. 19	.....	5 34	6 38	{ 11 43 m { 11 27 a	5 2 m 5 46 a
Sun. 20	6thSunday afterTrinity	5 34	6 38	{ 0 15 a { .... a	6 40 m 6 21 a

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

BEST—July 12th, at Malabar Hill, the wife of William J. Best of a son.
GADKAR—July 1st, at Dapoli, the wife of the Rev. Alfred Gadney, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BRADLEY—July 9th, at Allahabad, Mrs. J. H. Bradley, of a son.
HENDERSON—At Kotri, Sind, the wife of R. B. Henderson, Esq., Bunder Master, Sher Shah, of a daughter.
MUIR—On July 10th, at Calcutta, the wife of Marc Mongens, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ANDERSON—HENNIKER—July 7th, at St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Chapel, Lucknow, by Rev. Father Victor, assisted by Rev. Father Francis, and afterwards at the Presbyterian Church, by Rev. W. Mair, John Anderson, V. S., Royal Horse Artillery, to Mary (Minnie) Anderson, only child of the late W. T. B. Henniker, Esq.
MATHEWS—SMITH—June 24th, at Christ's Church, Lucknow, by the Rev. J. Orton, Chaplain, H. C. Mathews, Pensioned Apothecary, to Eva Edith, second daughter of H. P. Smith, Esq., Honorary Surgeon, Cuttabalia, Retired List.

DEATHS.

BURKE—July 4th, at Murree, the wife of John Burke, of Wicklow, aged 36 years.
HARLOW—June 29th, at Cachar, from the accidental going off of a gun, Andrew Harlow, Tea Planter, Eastern Cachar Tea Company, aged 28 years.
RING—June 15th, at Julpaigori, Bengal, Harry Robert Ring, youngest son of Richard Ring, Esq., Lawn House, Wiscanton, Somersetshire, aged 32.
WATSON—July 7th, at Calcutta, William Francis Watson, Solicitor, aged 36 years.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, JULY 14, 1879.

THE death of Lord Lawrence leads the memory back to that striking chapter in the history of the English Empire in the East—the Mutiny. And we are made consicous of the swift course of time when we note the presence in India in those days of large numbers of men to whom Alma and Inkerman, Delhi and Lucknow, are nothing more than historical facts. Twenty years have rolled away since that Sunday evening when, from an apparently clear sky, the terrible storm burst, and our Indian Empire seemed swept away by its strength and fury. But the moment of danger is the opportunity of heroes, and such heroes arose to save to England her great Indian possession. To record all the acts of bravery done in 1857 would require a bulky volume. Rorke's Drift had its parallel in the defence of the Delhi magazine by the gallant nine, who held it for a whole day against many hundreds, and who, when they could hold out no longer, blew it up with all its vast stores of ammunition, in order to prevent them falling into the enemy's hand. Then there was the famous defence of the Residency at Lucknow, and the heroic long though hopeless defence of the entrenchments at Cawnpore. But it is not our intention at present to recount in detail the history of those stirring times. We wish, however, to offer a few remarks upon the lessons which were then taught and which can never be forgotten.

When Machiavelli wrote *Ad ognuno puzza questo barbara dominio*, he traced pretty nearly the feelings which must actuate subject nations. Human nature is pretty much the same everywhere; and in 1857 the Indian political machine burst with such fearful results, because we relied with too supine a confidence in its fancied security. Experience proves that there is no political evil more probable or more fatal than that which arises from a confidence of security; and which, by discarding apprehension, is blind to the necessity of precaution. Against this we have always to guard in India. Had the authorities paid attention to the warnings visible in 1857, they would have been prepared to meet, or even to forestall the danger. But the men who gave the warning were treated as foolish alarmists. Every student of Indian history is acquainted with Lord Dalhousie's passionate denial of the truth of Sir Charles Napier's statement that India was in danger from Mutiny. Stern facts afterwards proved that the Commander-in-Chief knew more about the state of his army than the

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE IRISH OBSTRUCTIONISTS IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, JULY 11.

In consequence of the obstruction to business caused by the tactics of the Irish members in the House of Commons, the Speaker (the Rt. Hon. H. B. W. Brand) delegated an official to make special minutes of the debates. Mr. C. S. Parnell (member for Meath) violently impugned the conduct of the Speaker, and to-day introduced a resolution condemning his course of action as unprecedented. The motion, on being put to the vote, was negatived by the House by 421 against 29. Sir Stafford Northcote then moved, and the Marquis of Hartington seconded, a vote of confidence in the Speaker, which, after a long and animated discussion, was agreed to without a division.

INDIAN MAIL CONTRACT.

The Postmaster General, replying to a question, said the annual loss on the Postal Contract (? for the East) was £200,000, and that the Indian share averaged £76,500. He suggested that the Indian share in the new contract should be 23 84 per cent.

FUNERAL OF THE PRINCE IMPERIAL.

LONDON, JULY 12.

The funeral of the Prince Imperial took place to-day at Chiselehurst, and was of a most imposing nature. Her Majesty the Queen was present in person, as were also H. R. H. the Prince of Wales and all the Royal Dukes.

GERMAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF.

BERLIN, JULY 12.

The Protective Tariff has been finally voted by the German Parliament.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, JULY 11.

The Bombay Mails of 20th ultimo arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, JULY 11.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	42,000	bales.
Amount forwarded	4,000	do.
Do. Week's sales of Surats	4 000	do.
Do. do. Imports of Cotton	10,000	do.
Do. do. do. Surats	nil.	
Do. Stock of Cotton	589,000	do.
Do. do. Surats	62,000	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton in London	43,000	do.

LONDON, JULY 11.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats steady.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Fair Dhollera	5 7-16d.
The Manchester Market has been steady.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5-9
8½ lbs. do.	8-6
40s. Mule Twist	0-9½
2 per cent. Consols (? account)	97⅛
5 per cent. French Rents, 1872	117¼
Bar Silver	51⅛
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	77⅛
4½ per cent. do.	83¼
Arrival—Earl Granville.	

RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills, on demand	.....	Rs. 7 15-16d.	per Re.	
Do.	6 months' sight	... Rs. 8 3-16d.	"	
Credits,	3 "	"	... Rs. 8 3-16d.	"
Documents,	3 "	"	... Rs. 8 2-3d.	"
France	3 "	"	... 2-13	"

WEATHER REPORTS—JULY 13.

CANNANORE, 4-35 p.m.—Weather fine; wind S. W.

KARWAR, 5 p.m.—Weather fine; wind W. 4 to 5; thermometer 84; barometer 29·908.

MANGALORE, (12th) 4 p.m.—Weather rainy; wind W. S. W. strong. Fall of rain 2 inches 35 cents.

VINGORLA, 5 p.m.—Weather clear; wind W. S. W. light; thermometer 85. Fall of rain 6 cents.

THE MONSOON.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

July.	Colaba. In. cnt.	Fort. In. cnt.	Pyculla. In. cnt.
Total previously registered	23 69	26 25	28 17
11 Friday	0 3	0 0	0 0
12 Saturday	0 0	0 0	0 0
13 Sunday	.....	0 0	0 0
Total	23 72	26 25	28 17
Fall up to 13th July 1878	45 4	50 16	49 37

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort and Byculla are made up to 6 p.m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

IN our issue of Thursday last, we inadvertently connected Professor Samuel Cooke's name with the Relief Committee. It is Dr. Theodore Cooke, Commandant of the Poona Volunteers, who has been ordered to undertake measures for the speedy destruction of the Deccan rats.

WE are informed that it is in contemplation to open a tramway line from Bori Bandar to the Prince's Dock as soon as Government sanction is received. If this proposal be carried into effect it will be very convenient to merchants and others.

AN application for the appointment of official liquidators of the Bombay Hemp and Jute Company was heard before Mr. Justice Green at the High Court on Saturday last. Mr. Hormusjee Chichgar, of Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee, appeared for the petitioners, Vussonjee Heerjee and Madhowdas Goculdas; while Mr. Prescot appeared in support of the petition on behalf of the provisional liquidators. These were Messrs. M. R. De Quadros and Nowrojee Furdoonjee, who were appointed by his Lordship some days ago when the hearing of the petition was adjourned until Saturday last. The contributories were called, but no one appeared to oppose. Mr. Hormusjee read the affidavit of one of his clients stating that Messrs. Quadros and Nowrojee, who had also been elected by the shareholders as voluntary liquidators, were fit and proper persons to be continued as official liquidators of the company. His Lordship made an order appointing these gentlemen official liquidators, their remuneration to be two per cent. on the assets realised, to be equally divided. The amount of security to be given by the liquidators is to be fixed hereafter.

INFORMATION from London leads the *Pioneer* to believe that the large projects for reduction in the Public Works Department, which were sent home by the Government of India, have already received a check. The idea of getting rid of 300 or 350 officers at one sweep has not been favourably received. For the present, at any rate, engineers may resign all apprehension of sudden disestablishment in large numbers. The reductions likely to be carried out will be comparatively few, and so arranged as not to destroy the efficiency of the department.

HER MAJESTY the Queen Empress has caused to be conveyed to Sir Runodeep Singh and General Dhere Shumshere the expression of her warm approval of the conduct of those ministers, in successfully preventing the performance of *suttee* by the widows of the late Commander-in-Chief of Nepal.

THE Secretary of State has sanctioned a trial throughout India of a new description of surgical tissue and surgical wadding, which have been introduced as substitutes for spongio piline and gutta percha leaf, and which are much cheaper than these articles.

IN consequence of a serious deterioration having occurred from climatic causes, in recent supplies of leather knee boots to the Cavalry and Artillery of Madras and Bombay, the Secretary of State has requested that the Government of India will cause inquiry to be made into the matter with a view to precautionary measures for the preservation of boots being adopted in the clothing agencies of the three Presidencies.

SOME four hundred members of the Telegraph Department recently subscribed towards a memorial of Major General Robinson, late Director General of Telegraphs of India. A bust of General Robinson, which is said to be a capital likeness, was purchased with the money subscribed, and has been placed in the public entrance of the Telegraph Office, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.

THE two religious organs of Bombay, the *Guardian* and the *Catholic Examiner* pass widely different judgments on the letter of Dr. Meurin, the Roman Catholic Bishop, in regard to Bishop Myline's statement that the Church of Rome had "certain admixtures of Corruption," made at the annual meeting of the Bombay branch of the S. P. G. a few weeks ago. The *Guardian* says, "Bishop Meurin has seized the opportunity of rushing into print with a bombastic letter," by which one is reminded of the account given in prophecy of the little horn that had a mouth speaking great things, whose look was more stout than his fellows." The *Examiner*, on the other hand, "can form but one opinion regarding Dr. Meurin's letter: that it is in the first place a powerful refutation of the charge brought by Dr. Mylne against the Catholic Church, and, in the second place, a crushing condemnation of Dr. Mylne himself, as an Anglican Bishop. We do not remember ever having come across any form of controversy, in which one party prostrates his adversary so irretrievably, and at the same time with such suavity, as we find it done in the 16th section of the letter."

A COMPLAINT lately appeared in a certain newspaper about the want of arrangements for through booking from certain stations of the E. B. Railway with the N. B. State Railway. On enquiry it has been found that from a want of tickets, through booking of passengers with the N. B. State Railway is at present in force only from certain stations on the E. B. railway, and from Revaghat station it has not as yet come into operation. An additional ticket printing machine has recently been received from England, and arrangements are now in progress to issue through tickets from all the stations on the E. B. Railway. With reference to the allegation about passengers being detained for the next train at Poradah station it has been shown, that the actual time the train stops at Poradah is always longer than 5 minutes, the time allowed by the time bill, and that no instance of passengers being left behind for the next train has ever been brought to the notice of the railway authorities.

Two Madras Doctors, Surgeon Christopher Lloyd, 31st N. I., and Surgeon M. E. Murphy, M. D., 19th Madras N. I., have died of cholera at Thayetmyo.

A CHIEF who had great influence with the Khyber tribes, Arbab Fateh Mahomed Khan, Khalil, died of cholera at Tukal, in the Peshawur district, on the 28th of June.

WE (*Pioneer*) are glad to contradict the statement that Lieutenant G. Phipps Hornby, of the Rifle Brigade, had died of cholera. On the 7th instant he was with his regiment, the Rifle Brigade, at Kuldunnah.

THE troops sent from Puttialla to join the Punjab Native States Contingent returned on the 6th inst., when the Maharaja held a Darbar in honour of the occasion.

THE *Pioneer* gives an instance of the way money is sometimes wasted in the D. P. W. Our contemporary states that the Executive Engineer and his staff in the Sulandshahr district have been too busy fighting the Collector, and pulling down his bathing ghat on the Kali Nadi to look after their own works quite as much as the tax-payer might desire. Their last great feat was the construction of a four-arch bridge over the little rivulet called the Chuiya, on the road between the town of Dibhai, and the station of the same name on the Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway. It has not enjoyed a very long spell of existence; for last week's flood, the first to which it was exposed, has swept away one-half of it, and the remainder is tottering and is to fall. The loss, however, of a few thousands of rupees is of no consequence as compared with the maintenance of the dignity of a great department. They have had their way in pulling down the ghat, which as an artistic specimen of architecture was naturally an eyesore to them, while its destruction, after an expenditure of more than Rs. 10,000, must have been inexpressibly gratifying to their taste for wasteful extravagance. That their own bridge should have fallen, while they were thus employed, is scarcely a drawback to their triumph; for many a worthy contractor must now be standing idle, and to one of them its re-construction will be a perfect god-send.

A MADRAS paper states that Mr. H. E. Sullivan, senior member of the Board of Revenue, who served on the Famine Commission, will shortly proceed to Rumpa as Special Commissioner, with power to settle the various disputes that have arisen in the district between the hill-men and the Munsubdar, and which have led to the present rebellion against local authority.

THE Rangoon divorce case, in which Major Harvest, of the 89th Regiment, sued for divorce from his wife, and claimed as damages Rs. 20,000 from the co-respondent, Captain Mac-Murray, of the same corps, resulted in a divorce being granted and Rs. 4 000 damages decreed against the co-respondent. The adultery was not denied, the defence pleaded being cruelty and neglect on the part of the husband. The evidence does not appear to have supported this plea, as the Judge said Major Harvest's "conduct throughout showed extreme confidence, and perhaps a weak confidence, in his wife, and a brother officer who had sat at his table, and whom he had always treated with kindness, but who never helps had been guilty of this grave wrong." Higher damages would have been awarded if there had been any prospect of the plaintiff recovering more.

THE following troops have passed through Lahore by rail, downwards:—Detachments Bengal and Madras Sappers, the 4th Goorkhas, 36th Madras N. I., and the Puttiala, Kapurthalla and Nabha Contingents. Precautions against the spread of cholera are being taken along the line, the troops being stopped at sidings a mile or two away from the halting stations.

A COMMANDING officer, residing in London, writes to our Lahore contemporary as follows:—"Every day I am becoming more and more thankful that we were not ordered out to Zululand with the boys I have now in my battalion and who pass off as soldiers. There was some pleasure in commanding such fellows as I had in my company in the old mutiny days in India. They were capable of standing any reasonable fatigue, and would have remained firm against overwhelming numbers; but really I should be very sorry to march out my present battalion in a gale of wind, even for a route march, let alone a pitched battle."

FREQUENT complaints are made of the depredations of bands of robbers along the ten miles of road between Lundi Kotal and Dakka, by which great loss and inconvenience are occasioned to traders and others crossing the Frontier.

DISCUSSING the latest atrocities at Mandalay, the *Civil and Military Gazette* expresses the opinion that "it is utterly hopeless to expect that Theebaw will improve his conduct, except under compulsion. The argument that the Government is not bound to interfere in the matter is based on a wretched sophism. The presence of a British Resident at the Mandalay court is a passive sanction of Theebaw's bloodthirsty conduct. If the Government feels bound to make, through its agent, verbal protests against the King's behaviour, when those protests are ignored the Government should either withdraw its agent, or enforce obedience to its behests. As it is, if the Government does not take some further and stronger action in the matter, we shall expect to see its policy of non-interference severely criticised throughout Europe."

WE (*Civil and Military Gazette*) have reason to believe that next spring Delhi will be the scene of a very interesting Darbar—namely, the Indo-Afghan Darbar, which we ventured to suggest as the crowning incident in the series of events which, it is to be hoped, will end in a permanent alliance between India and Afghanistan, the complete pacification of the latter Power, and its final and unreserved acceptance of the supremacy and protectorate of the former. We were enabled, many weeks ago, to state what the Amir's wishes were on this subject: and His Excellency the Viceroy's readiness to gratify them is sufficiently well-known. The Darbar would be no empty ceremony: it would go a considerable way, we are persuaded, to awaken and cherish some feeling of good-will between the two countries. But to do this it must retain its purely distinctive and special character as a Darbar in honour of the Amir. It was at first thought that the ceremony might be held next autumn or winter: but probably the Kabul Government will even then be too pre-occupied with its task of re-organization. Agra and Delhi have both been mentioned as the scene of the spring celebration, but for many reasons Delhi would be the more preferable of the two.

"BLESSED is the man that hath his quiver full of them" is Labouchere's published opinion of libels. His journal *Truth* must thus, since the very commencement of its career, have been, in a very high degree, conducive to his happiness. For what with London usurers, *quasi*-Turkish pashas, aquarium managers, special correspondents, and newspaper proprietors, the incisive editor of *Truth* has had a busy time of it lately. For the first two years of its existence *Truth* was invariably successful in its lawsuits; and rumour in Fleet Street had it that the charges incurred were debited to advertising expenses. Notoriety was what the ex-member for Middlesex sought. He could not obtain it in the cannon's mouth, and sought for it in the more matter-of fact and much more congenial law courts. Encouraged by its past immunity from penalties, it has become much more personal in the charges contained in its columns; and as a consequence of this increased recklessness, the good luck which formerly attended it in its appearance at the Bar has deserted it, and fines and penalties will now have to be added to the advertising account. In the case of Lambri, the printer has been sentenced to pay a fine of £50 to the Queen, and to enter into his own recognizances of £25) to be of good behaviour for the next twelve months! The libel against the proprietor of the *Examiner* found *Truth* mulcted in 40s. of damages. The case of Robertson v. Labouchere, brought in consequence of repeated charges against the honesty of Robertson while manager of the Westminster Aquarium, has been withdrawn. There are still a few remaining on hand, that of Colonel Gay, the Special Correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph*, being the most serious.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* writes of the Kashmir Famine:—So far the only measures taken by the Maharaja of Kashmir to alleviate the prevailing distress are to add to the locust swarm of officials watching the crops, in order to secure the Government share, and order rice (which no longer exists) to be sold at a cheaper rate. No relief works have been opened, and nothing has been done to improve the management of the distribution of grain, or of the pour-houses. Enquiries are being made as to the yield of the rabbi crop and the area sown with Indian corn and rice. On these two crops all the future depends: at present matters are said to look brighter than they were a few weeks back, and if timely rains enable these crops to come to full maturity, it is trusted that the famine will be at an end. Seventy to eighty cases of cholera of the famine type occur daily in Srinagar, and the deaths average over thirty a day. His Highness does not propose to stay long at Srinagar as he intends to see the whole of the valley of Kashmir for himself. The grain of the contractors comes in very slowly. Mr. Fanshawe, C. S., proceeded to Thannah Mandi last week to see the state of the road and the transport, and enquire into obstructions alleged to be thrown in Mr. Russell's way, and has now returned to Srinagar after seven day's absence.

THE Maharaja of Tonk appears to be making matters extremely uncomfortable for the people under his rule. A correspondent of the *Delhi Gazette* writes:—"The Zemindars of all the Parganas of Tonk have crowded to the Political Agent at Deolee with complaints. It is not only because the Chief is not enlightened, but he is surrounded by a rapacious horde of rogues who make prosperity and progress impossible. The revenue derived by the Nawab is astonishingly high when the population and the general condition of his territory are considered. These rogues at the last crop left very little grain for the Zemindars after *Lata* (a custom of taking rent by making shares of the heaps of grain reaped at the time). The quantity that was left for one Zamindar was not sufficient for him for six months even. The Zamindars paid the most oppressive taxes as long as they could, but they now cannot bear the burden of the yoke further."

THE THANA DISTRICT DACOITIES—MAJOR DANIEL'S ENCOUNTER WITH DOWLUTRAO AND HIS GANG.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 11.

MR. JUSTICE NEWNHAM took his seat this morning on the bench at 10 o'clock, when the Court was well filled. The Chiekla dacoity case was brought to a close, and the enquiry into the Palaspey outrage partially completed. The table was covered with the booty obtained by the dacoits at Palaspey, and the jewels, and other gold and silver ornaments were much admired. The property produced before the Court consisted of gold mohurs, gold venetians, bracelets, chains, anklets, noserings, pieces of gold and silver, silver pots, cups, lotas, spice boxes, diamonds, pearls, emeralds, and rubies, a silver watch, massive silver horse necklets, &c., &c., all, as was alleged, of the aggregate value of about Rs. 70,000. There were also Rs. 2,900 in currency notes, silk coats, turbans, sheilahs, dhotars, and shawls. Mr. Kondoo Amroot, a pleader, filed his vakalutnama on behalf of prisoners Nos. 7 and 8, and Mr. Luxmon Vishnoo Bhide also filed a similar document to defend prisoner No. 20. The following are to-day's proceedings:—

Ganuesh Sapoojee, a Brahmin a water-carrier, on oath deposed—I am a servant to Harry Narayan Sadakur, and my property was always kept in Vishnoo Govind's house. I remember the dacoity at Chickla, when Vishnoo Govind's house was looted. There were about 25 robbers, who were armed with guns, swords, sticks, and whips. I was sitting at the time the noise of Vishnoo's house. The robbers struck me with whips and sticks, and cut me on the head with a sword. (Here witness showed the wound to the judge and jury.) They took me for Vishnoo Govind and demanded of money and property. Before going away they tied my feet and put weights on my chest. I recognize No. 4, who had a sword. I identify No. 10, who fastened my legs. No. 11 had a stick and was standing near my head. I lost four toorings, out of which two are found. (Here he identified the property.) Vishnoo Govind also lost property (1 red shawl embroidered with gold, one blue loogra, and gold cap) and I patella were identified as the property of Vishnoo Govind.

Cross-examined by prisoner No. 4—I did not see you in the Furrashkhana.

Cross-examined by prisoner No. 10—I know you very well. There was a kerosine oil light in the house. You had on a black coat and red head cloth. You were standing close to my head.

Cross-examined by Mr. Luxmon Vishnoo for prisoner No. 1—The whip marks lasted on my body for eight days.

By the Court—I never saw these people before. The kerosine oil was placed against a wall on a bracket. The dacoits had two or three torches; they left the village about 8 p.m. They broke open the door of the house and went in. They must have been there about half an hour altogether.

Vishnoo Govind Patankur.—I am a merchant and reside at Chickla. Dacoits came to the village on the 11th May. I know accused No 5. I left my house as soon as I saw the robbers. (Pointing to some clothing on the table) I recognise these as my property (the same as mentioned in the last evidence) lost on occasion. These articles of clothing were taken by the dacoits the same night.

Cross-examined by vakeels and undefended prisoners declined.

Narayan Harry Patankur.—I am a Brahmin and a sowcar, and reside in the village of Chickla. My house was looted by dacoits on the night of the 11th May last; they were all armed. I was in my house at the time. They were about 10 or 12 of them. I recognise No 4 and No 10 who had swords, and No. 9 had a stick. The stick looked black and it may have been a gun. The robbers beat my mother with a stick. I saw the marks on her person after the robbers left. They broke open the door and entered my house. I was upstairs and saw them in the cattle shed. I gave in a list of the property stolen from my house. The list now shown me is the list I gave. The two small silver cups and the big now shown me are my property.

Cross-examined by prisoner No. 5—I knew you ten or twelve years ago. I have no enmity towards you.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baba Gokla—On the night of the dacoity there was a gowady (mason), named Mahadoo, and my karkun, Ramchunder Wassoodew, present in my house.

By the jury—I recognize Nos. 4, 5, and 9 because they were near me.

By the Court—I saw these three prisoners on the street from the cowshed on the night of the dacoity.

Dundeyan Parker Nilkunt Patankur, a merchant, said.—My house was attacked by dacoits and property stolen. My uncle Krishnaji gave in a list; he is sick at present, and he and I live together in Chickli. (Pointing to several silver ornaments and sundry articles) These lights are mine; silver cups, 2 gold rings, 2 toerings, 1 pencutter, 1 red turban, and 1 boddice. The boddice belongs to my sister-in-law.

Cross-examination by vakeels and undefended prisoners declined.

Ramchunder Wassoodew—I am carkoon to Narayan Patankur and reside in Chickla. I remember the night of the 11th May when the robbers came; they were 10 or 12 in number. The gowady who was sitting in the verandah of the house was beaten, and I was sitting in the room, where was the owner of the house. I was asked, and I said I was the carkoon; they beat me, and placed a sword on my nose, telling me to tell the owner to open the door. I said he would not open it, but they tried to open the front door but failed, and went to the back door. They ransacked the house first, and then took me in, and asked me to point out where the money was kept. Narayan in the meantime made his escape. I pointed out a cupboard where I knew there was not find anything. They threatened me several times and left me. I identify Nos. 4, 8 10, and 12. No. 4 had a sword standing by me, No. 8 struck me with cudgel, No. 10 had a sword and a stick and used to relieve No. 4 now and then. No. 12 had a thin sword and he struck me twice. The whip consisted of a stick and a leather lash.

Cross-examined by prisoner No. 4.—I went to the Furrashkana once to see the property belonging to Narayen Hurry. I saw you there, but you were not shown to me. There were about 15 paces from me. This was about 10 days ago.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kondoo Amroot—I saw prisoner No. 8 at the Furrashkana. There were about 10 prisoners there. I recognized 8 before the railway Magistrate. I did not tell anybody that I recognized him. I did not tell anybody that I could recognize him before going to the Railway Magistrate's Court. I saw him on the night of the dacoity by the light of a kerosine lamp. The torches were lighted in Harry Narayan's house, so I believe I did not see this. I cannot say whether the robbers had torches when they arrived. Prisoners Nos. 4 and 8 were standing close to me. No. 8 beat me twice with a stick.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baba Gokla.—Narayan Harry went into his house in my presence. I would have also run into the house but the door was closed by Harry Narayan. When the robbers entered the house through the back door, two or three of them kept guard over me. The moon was then three up to the last. I never saw prisoner No. 12. I cannot say in what hand he had the sword, nor the whip.

Re-examined by the Government prosecutor—I have not the least doubt that Nos. 4, 8, 10 and 12 were amongst the robbers.

By the Court—When Harry Narayan entered the house, he closed the door. The cow-house is at one corner. It is possible to see from the window of the cow-house on to the road. There was twilight when I saw Sabhaing in the Jama-tulee (Hospital). He did not see Appa Sahib and Ramchunder Gunnesh were also there; the former was suffering from two sword cuts. Five of us lost our property—myself, Harry Succaram, Bulwunt, Madhowrao and Appa. The property (points them out) belong to me. Ganesh Sitaram's property is also here.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kondoo Amroot—I met Appa Sahib four days after the dacoity. He showed me the wounds he had on his head, and some marks of sticks on his back.

Gunnoo Ramjee Naik, a sepoy in the service of Appa Sahib—I was on guard outside Appa Sahib Oojay's house on the night of the dacoity. I was going my rounds when I saw about fifty persons seated on the road close to the east door of the house. I asked them who they were and they fired at me, the bullet hitting my leg. They fired a second time with small shots. (All these marks were shown to the judge and jury.) They also fired a third time, when my gun dropped from me and I fell down. They then broke open the door of the cow-shed and entered in. The robbers were there plundering till 3 a.m. I know two of the prisoners. Prisoner No. 2 fired the first shot at me with the bullet. No. 5 had a double barrel gun which he fired at me with small shot. I am quite certain of these two prisoners, as there was light at the time. I was afterwards carried in the house where I saw Sabhaing and Oonkur wounded. I saw Appa Sahib also. Before I went to Bombay Sabhaing and Oonkur were sent to the Jama-tujee Hospital. I heard that Sabhaing died of the wounds he had received. I was eight days in the hospital.

Cross examined by Mr. H. N. Xavier—No. 2 was about six yards off when he fired at me. The light was between me and No. 2. He was white clothed. I never saw him before. I saw him again in the Magistrate's Court. I did not run away when he fired. After him prisoner No. 5 fired.

By the Court—I was so near No. 5 that I felt the powder, and my dhotar took fire. I did not know him before the night of the dacoity. There were lights raised on posts about 6 or 7 yards from the place where he fired at him. He wore dirty white clothes. He had a sword under his right arm and a gun. My gun was loaded. I could not see it through gunpowder.

Oonkur Boonlansing, peon in the employ of Appa Sahib—I was on duty inside the warra of my master Appa Sahib on the night of the dacoity. The robbers, about 50 or 60, entered through the east door. They began throwing stones and I fired my gun, blank charge, from inside. As I was loading again, they broke the door open, and seeing them with drawn swords I ran away and tried to hide myself behind the door. One of the dacoits pushed me and caught me with a sword. (Shows a sword cut on the shoulder.) They cut my thumb. No. 1 cut off my thumb, No. 2 gave me the cut on my shoulder, No 6 attacked Sabhasing with a drawn sword, No. 7, too, had a sword and also attacked Sabhasing. I have no doubt of the four prisoners. There were lights in the house. Some of the robbers had candles which they carried into the house. They plundered the house. When Sabhasing came to my assistance it was then that he was attacked. The wounds were serious. On Sunday I heard that Sabhasing's wounds were dangerous. On Monday he was dead. The following morning Sabhasing and myself were sent to Panvel, and from thence to Bombay. Sabhasing arrived at the hospital at 2 and died at 4 in the evening of the same day. I was in the hospital 25 days in the hospital. Among the property taken away from Appa Sahib's house were 2 swords and 2 guns. This gun and sword belongs to my master.

Cross-examined by Luximon Vishnoo Bhide—I know prisoner No. 1 from the time he struck me. He had a white bundee and white turban on. He struck me first, then Sabhasing. I had a gun and a sword with me. My sword was knocked down when my thumb was chopped off. I was then cut from outside the door. I was in the act of closing the door when I was cut. I had my sword then but my gun was on the ground. Appa Sahib was inside the house. When Sabhasing was attacked, the robbers had charge of Appa Sahib.

Cross-examined by Mr. H. N. Xavier—Prisoner No. 2 after striking me ran up to Sabhasing. I did not know him before. Nos. 1 and 2 had swords. Nos. 6 and 7 also had swords. I saw no other weapons with them.

Cross examined by No. 6—Your hand was not cut or broken then.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kondoo Amroot—No. 7 had only a sword. Appa Sahib was taken upstairs after he was cut and beaten. I heard the robbers ask Appa Sahib for Rs. 2,000. No. 7 ran up and attacked Sabhasing.

By the Court—When Nos. 6 and 7 ran up and attacked Sabhasing. I fell down resting on my elbow with my thumb cut off, but I could see what they were doing.

POONA, JULY 12.

MR. JUSTICE NEWNHAM took his seat on the bench at a quarter to 11 this morning, and before adjourning for tiffin at 3 o'clock, there was a full attendance of spectators in Court. The confessions of prisoners Nos. 2 and 3, which were made on the 6th ultimo, but which were not put in before the committing magistrate, were filed to-day in evidence by Mr. Narrayan Juggonath Bhide, the Government prosecutor. Two of the witnesses for the prosecution were not examined, but they were offered for cross-examination for the defence; the pleader, however, did not see the necessity of doing so. The evidence of the founder, Mr. Emanuel De Souza, as describing the affray on Thiesbi-beri, was remarkable and clearly given, and notwithstanding the sharp and suitable questions of some of the pleaders for the defence, the evidence of Mr. De Souza was not to be shaken.

The first witness called this morning was

Krishna Kerkaré, karkun to Oojay, residing at Palaspey.—I remember the dacoity to Palaspey, there were about 40 or 50 robbers with weapons. Some of the robbers beat me with sticks. (Shows marks on both hands and the forehead to the judge and jury.) I recognise No. 1 as the man who ran on Sabhasing with a sword in his hand. Nos. 2 and 3 wounded me with a stick, and after having beaten they joined No. 1 in cutting and wounding Sabhasing. Nos. 4 and 5 first beat Appa Sahib, and with their swords struck Sabhasing. They then went on to where Oonkur was lying. I also recognize prisoner No. 11 who whipped Appa Sahib. The watch and chain now shown me is my property; it was lost in the dacoity.

Cross-examined by Luxmon Vishnoo Bhide—No. 1 was the man who struck Sabhasing; after him several others went up and struck him. He had a different dress on to what he has now. He was some paces from the time Sabhasing was struck before I was struck. Prisoner No. 1 did not strike me at all. There was a crowd after Sabhasing was struck.

By the Court—Prisoner No. 2 had a sword and a stick. The wound on my head was caused by a stick. I am certain Nos. 2 and 3 are the very persons. Other robbers had candles; they took those candles from the house. There were globe hanging lamps.

Cross-examined by prisoner No. 3—You beat me with a stick. I did not know you before. You also had a naked sword.

Cross-examined by prisoner No. 4—You had a stick and a sword. You hit Appa Shib on the head with a sword. I did not know you before.

By the Court—The robbers struck Sabhasing first and then Appa Shib. There was a great noise and confusion at the time. I cannot remember exactly. I never saw prisoner No. 5 before. He was dressed like a peon and had a white turban on bundee. I went to the Furrashkana but did not see prisoner No. 4. I have no doubt about prisoner No. 11.

Naronjee bin Govindrao, a sepoy in the service of Oojay—I remember the night of the dacoity at Palaspey. I was present, and recognise prisoner No. 1 who had a sword and who attacked Sabhasing; also No. 5 had a sword and attacked Sabhasing; No. 7 had a sword and also attacked Sabhasing; No. 10 had a sword and a stick but I did not see him strike any one; he was amongst the robbers. The belt now shown me was brought to me by a man from outside the village after the dacoity.

Cross-examined by Luxmon Vishnoo Bhide—I did not see prisoner No. 1 before the dacoity. There were about 40 or 50 robbers in the warra. I don't remember how many robbers were near Sabhasing when he was being assaulted. Prisoner No. 1 attacked Sabhasing first, when he was followed by the others. He wore a white turban and bundee. He was about 20 paces away from the place where I was.

Cross-examined by prisoner No. 5—I did not know you before the dacoity.

Cross examined by Mr. Kondoo Amroot—I cannot say if No. 7 had anything else besides a sword. I was present when Appa Sahib was struck. Appa Sahib was twice cut on the head. He fell down and got up again. I cannot say how long he was lying insensible. I saw Appa Sahib immediately after the robbers left.

By the Court—I am sure prisoner No. 10 was amongst the robbers. There were globe lamps. The robbers had candles. I don't know where they got these candles from. They used the candles when looting the bungalow.

Nilkunt Rajaram Patankur, a karkun—I remember the dacoity at Doura Limbgaum. Four peons' belts were stolen. This is one of the belts belonging to my master, the inamdar of Dowra Limbgaum.

Emanuel De Souza, chief constable, 4th class, Poona—I was foreman at Mawal kacheri. I gave Major Daniel information that the dacoits were at the village of Khand in the Mawal taluka, and with six constables I went in search of them. This was on the 16th. On the 17th Major Daniel arrived at Talwas. I asked Major Daniel to halt at Mhowa village and I went on to Mhalgaum to scout. I went as far as Kewla where I met a man in a black cloak standing outside the village. I met Major Daniel, 20 policemen, and 10 native soldiers at 3 o'clock in the afternoon at Engloon. There were 19 sepoys of H. M's 17th Regiment. On Thisubai hill we met about fifty dacoits; they came close to us and attacked us first. They showed fight and fired off their muskets. Shots were exchanged; we fired at them. One of our sepoys was hot in the breast; his name is Babajee Dhavjee, and a sowar also, named Babajee, was cut by a sword on the right arm. The fight was going on for about three quarters of an hour. We were about 30 paces from the dacoits when we were fighting. Five of them were killed. They had guns, swords, and sticks. Sepoy Gumpia Bhiva and first 12 prisoners were among the dacoits on the Thisubai hill fighting. I am quite certain of them as I saw them at different times at a short distance; afterwards they threw down their arms and their body and ran away. We collected the arms and property on the summit of Thisubai hill came to Engloon. That day no one else was arrested, but on the following day I found prisoner No. 6 near the scene of the fight, hiding behind a bush, and his arm shot by a bullet. I made a list of the property. We also recovered property from other dacoits. All this property is now before the Court. I have got a list of the property found with the prisoners. The currency notes of the value of Rs. 2,630 were found on Thisubai hill. Report of a proclamation issued for the apprehension of dacoits to which there is the name of Rama Ittoo.

Cross-examined by Luximon Vishnoo Bhide—We were all standing at first in one alignment and then in skirmishing order. I had a double barrel gun. I had 40 rounds of ammunition. I had 10 remaining when the fight was over. I said fifty in round numbers. I got sight of one man after another and therefore remember them. We were sometimes on the open plain and sometimes among trees. The shrubs and hedges were breast high. The fight took place near the top of Thisubai hill. They frequently fired at us. I cannot say if prisoner No. 1 aimed at me only. I never saw accused No. 5.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baba Gokla.—I never saw prisoners Nos. 1, 2, and 12 before the fight on the hill. I don't know who arrested prisoners Nos. 2 and 12. I did not.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kondoo Amroot.—I saw prisoner No. 7 on the hill. He was arrested by my naik. I saw him at Kirkulla. I told Major Daniel that I recognized him. I recognized him before the Railway Magistrate. He was examined by a native magis rate. He made a confession. I did not go before the native magistrate with the prisoner.

Babajee bin Bhowjee, a sowar in the Poona police—I accompanied Major Daniel and was present at the fight on Thisubai hill. The dacoits fired at us first. There were 30 or 40 of them. I shot a man and got three sword cuts on the right arm. My wrist is dislocated. (Here the witness showed the judge and jury his right hand.) I speared Dowlutrao. Another police constable, Babajee, was shot in the chest. I also shot another dacoit with a bullet. Some of them came to me and some surrounded me. I know and can recognize all the first twelve prisoners except Nos. 7 and 8. They were not there. I apprehended prisoner No. 4 on May 18 at the village of Kirkulla, 5 miles from Thisubai hill. He was in the chouri. I arrested him because I knew his features well and saw him on Thisubai hill. I found some ornaments in his bag, which I gave to the Assistant Superintendent of Police.

Cross-examined by Mr. Luxmon Vishnoo Bhidé—Nobody came to help me when I was surrounded by some of the dacoits. About 100 yards off from me my police were standing at the time. The dacoits first fired upon us. I surprised them at about 5 o'clock. Mr. De Souza, the last witness, was a hundred yards from me. Because I was sure of prisoner No. 4 I arrested him. Prisoner No. 1 had a sword and a stick.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baba Gokla—I did not see prisoners Nos. 2 and 12 before the fight on Thisubai hill. I did not know any of the prisoners before that day.

Yesoo Mhadjee, head constable, Poona police.—I received orders from Major Daniel to proceed to Mawal on the fight on Thisubai hill. I apprehended Gumpia Ramoshi on the 3rd June; on the 4th arrested Munia, Babia and Douria. I searched them; with No. 3 I found some ornaments and money. (Points them out on the table.) From information received from Munia I went to Sidhi, house of prisoner No. 20 in the village of Nimbgaum, and recovered a bracelet No. 20 at first denied having the bracelet, but when Munia was confronted he gave it up. There was also a proclamation issued for the apprehension of Munia and Sidhi. I arrested the latter. I found from Gumpia I recovered one rupee and one gold necklace from prisoner No 17 in the village of Doric. From No. 18 I recovered three pootlees from his house concealed in a bamboo, which was given him by Gunoo, and subsequently he produced Rs. 8 in cash. Prisoner No. 19 gave me these pieces of ear ornaments and one rupee. (All these ornaments were previously claimed by Appa Sahib as his property.)

Cross-examined by prisoner No. 17—You gave me the rupee and the gold necklace from underneath some rubbish in your compound.

Cross examined by Luxmon Vishnoo Bhidé—I arrested Munia on the 4th June and in the evening he told me about the property. Prisoner No. 20. I went to his village the same day, and there was a *panch* before whom No. 20 gave up the ornaments he had. He at first denied but subsequently confessed.

By the foreman of the jury—Gumpia is a prisoner and is now in the Furrashkana awaiting his trial. He is detained by the Superintendent of Police for further enquiries. He has already given up the names of other dacoits

Krishna Khondajee, police constable, Wangaum, Mawal taluka—I apprehended dacoits, Nos. 4 and 5, at Karuwad

jury might perhaps recollect what Goldsmith's opinion of the life of the "book" was:

"Here lies poor Ned Purdon, from misery freed,
Who long was a bookseller's hack.
He led such a damnable life in this world
That I don't think he'd wish to come back."

(Laughter.) The jury would look at the libels as a whole, and he submitted that the result of their consideration would be that they would hold that the publication complained of was libellous, and the plaintiff was entitled to substantial damages at their hand.

Mr. Justice Lindley, in summing up said that such cases as that which they had now to consider were of extreme importance, not only to the parties who were immediately concerned, but also to the public at large; and he knew of no more important cases coming before the civil courts than these actions against reviews and newspapers for libel. They involved questions of great social importance and in them there were almost always raised questions of considerable difficulty. He said this because it was not enough in cases of this kind that the plaintiff should show that the defendant had held him up to contempt or ridicule, for the defendant was entitled to hold him up to contempt or ridicule within certain bounds and for certain purposes. The question which the jury would have to decide was whether the defendant had abused this privilege. People who compiled books were necessarily exposed to criticism, and unless the right to criticise was abused unless that criticism went too far, no action would lie. It was difficult, however, to explain to the jury what amounted to an abuse of that privilege. Lord Ellenborough said that they must not cramp observations upon authors or their works; but reflections on personal character were quite another thing. What appeared to him (Mr. Justice Lindley) was that the defendant's comments were *prima facie* privileged, and that the plaintiff would not be entitled to the verdict unless that privilege had been abused. Before they could find for the plaintiff, the jury must be satisfied that the defendant had used his privilege so as to attack the plaintiff independently of his literary work, or that he had used language so unfair, improper, or intemperate as to exceed the bounds of fair criticism and to show spite or ill-will towards the plaintiff, or to show recklessness as to whether the criticism would injure him or not. The plaintiff would be entitled to the verdict if the jury should think that the defendant had been actuated by malevolence, spite, or ill-will, or that there had been excess of criticism. He added that he thought that the best thing that the jury could do would be to retire into a private room, read the two articles complained of through, and, having done so, say whether in their opinion they were libellous.

The jury retired, and were absent for about twenty minutes. On their return they gave a verdict for the plaintiff—damages £150.

MR. GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA ON ART AND ARTISTS.

At the anniversary festival of the Artists' Benevolent Fund, Mr. George Augustus Sala, in proposing the toast of the evening, said:—I rise with some degree of tremor to propose "Prosperity to the Artists' Benevolent Fund," and when I address myself to the task I assure you that I do so in all earnestness and truth. My object in coming here to-night is the object which the illustrious Lord Bacon so constantly kept in mind in pursuing his scientific researches—that the outcome of his labours should be fruit. The result which I wish to produce, the final cause of my coming here is—cash. (Here, hear.) And I can assure the officials of the Mendicity Society and the Charity Organisation Society and all the other societies which profess to direct and control the Samaritan virtues—I can assure such officials, if there be any in this room, that they had better carefully watch and note my proceedings to-night, for I intend to be for several minutes a most persistent and unblushing beggar, and a sturdy beggar. (Laughter.) In proposing this toast, I must needs address to you a few words of a businesslike character, in order that I may not be accused, whilst begging, of seeking to obtain money under false pretences. Nay, more, I will justify my plea by telling you that the Artists' Benevolent Fund was established in 1810, that in 1822 the society received a charter of incorporation from King George IV., who was always a munificent supporter of and benefactor to the Fine Arts; and that its patron for many years has been, and is still, her Majesty the Queen. (Cheers.) The society is divided into two distinct and independent sections. The first is the Artists' Annuity Fund—a provident, self-supporting organisation to which professors of the Fine Arts, be they painters, sculptors, engravers, or draughtsmen, are admitted after due inquiry. They are entitled at certain periods, and under certain conditions to participate in the benefits of the fund—that is to say, to receive annuities in their declining years, calculated on an accurate and equitable scale. The second section of the fund is designed to extend assistance to widows and orphans of meritorious but distressed artists. It is therefore a pure and simple charity, and it is for this charity that I now plead with all the strength of which I am capable. I hope I may say, without overweening confidence, that there is no one in this room who more sincerely loves and admires art than I do, and there no one who sees with greater pride and gratification the growth and development in England, and the prosperity of a most high-minded and ennobling profession. Nothing affords me greater pleasure than to know that artists are progressing, and that their gains are largely increasing—that they now receive thousands of pounds where they formerly received hundreds, nay fifties, and even tens and fives. With pitiful frequency they at one time sank into the more than Egyptian bondage of the picture dealer, or were compelled to look for patronage to the pawnbroker. Those dark days are gone, I hope and believe, for ever. I am not unaware, that in times gone by the career of the great painters of the princes of the pencil, has been splendid. Leonardo expires in the arms of Francis I. On the dying brow of Raffaelle Sanzio is laid the benison of the Supreme Pontiff, and when the painter has breathed his last his immortal picture of the transfiguration is placed at the head of the bed of death, and his ashes are laid in the sepulchre worthy of them—in the Pantheon of Agrippa. Charles V. of Spain, Emperor and King, picks up the pencil from the hand of Titian; before ever he had seen the great Venetian, he had the Flanders gazed on some of his pictures, and bearing a noble tribute to the genius that produced them, he turned to his Latin secretary, and said, "Comes et eques Tiasanus sit"—"Let Titian be made an earl and knight"—and he made him so forthwith. Even the ferocious Henry VIII. loved art and rendered it worthy homage when he said that out of seven ploughmen he could make seven lords, but that out of seven lords he could not make one Hans Holbein. Sir Peter Paul Rubens, painter and ambassador, rides with twenty gentlemen in his train; Sir Anthony Van Dyck immortalises on canvas all that is gallant, reverent, and wise among Englishmen—all that is graceful and beautiful among Englishwomen; in the Royal Hall at Whitehall the King embraces him, and hangs the badge of knighthood around his neck; the Royal barge conveys him to his lodging at Blackfriars, where, alas! he dies too soon for friendship, but not for fame, and his body is entombed in the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, in the vaults of which recently-renovated basilica now slumber all that is mortal of Joshua Reynolds, of Joseph William Mallard Turner, Edwin Landseer, and of many more famous painters and sculptors. These are the princes of the pencil who have passed through the great archway, who have made their stately progress to the temple of fame. But, ah me! there is a "Via Dolorosa" as well as a Via Triumphalis. There is a heavy hill to be passed, and fainting by the wayside, dejected, weary, and worn, are those who have been worsted in the great struggle, the destitute, despairing, and poverty-stricken professors of art. In youth their capacity may have entitled them to hope for competence and to aspire to celebrity; but there is no armour against fate. Long years have been passed in trying and trying, but the mournful result has been failure. Or, perchance, when they were in the very midst of regular and remunerative employment, and when increased prosperity seemed to be assured, unavoidable misfortune has paralysed their powers. "The painful family of death, more hideous than their queen," the diseases that rack the joints and fire the veins, and in the "deeper vitals rage," may have afflicted them; or failing eyesight may have been their lot, or the crippled or paralysed hand may have refused to obey the inspirations of the still unclouded mind. Let none of us think we are so happy, let none of us think ourselves so prosperous that misfortune will not overtake us, and that the night may not be imminent when no man can watch. But we who are yet "valid man," we who are yet enjoying the blessings of health and competence, we can do something to assist the poor widows and orphans of those who have fallen in the fight. Be it Phiroz, with his abounding money-bags or the working artist, or the working journalist, all, by the practice of a little self-denial, can do something for the good cause of charity. We grumble sorely at the income-tax but the money we give in charity is an income-tax on happiness at which we never grumble. (Cheers.) I say upon happiness, for it seems to me that there is no surer way of securing future happiness here below than doing our best to make poor folks comfortable. But I feel that I have been prolix, and I know I am becoming tedious. (No, no.) Therefore I will desist; but if any words of mine have with sufficing clearness placed before you the scope and purpose, the object and end of this admirable charity—if any words of mine, rude and imperfect as they may have been, have conduced to the softening of your hearts and the loosening of your purse strings, then, indeed, I shall feel that my prolixity has been condoned, and that my tediousness is forgotten—then, indeed, shall I feel that I have not spoken here this night in vain. (Cheers.)

The result of this earnest and eloquent appeal was £1,700.

PECULIAR RAILWAY DIFFICULTY.—The evils of a defective road were experienced by the passengers of the Jubb. mail a few nights ago. It passes a portion of the line between Deborah and Sutna is being lifted, and from some unexplained cause, probably through the heavy rains having washed the packing from under the sleepers, the road appears to have got rough and lumpy, which strained the driving springs of the engine to such an extent that the weight was thrown upon the leading and trailing wheels, and as they are not coupled to the driving wheels the train was brought to a dead stand through the engine slipping. The number of vehicles composing the train was seventeen, and the driver was under the necessity of dividing the load and taking half into the station at a time. The train was over two hours late on arriving at Sutna.—*Indian Railway Service Gazette.*

"TOM BROWN" FOR THE BLIND.—Mr. Herbert Marston, B.A., assistant master at the Blind College, Worcester, writes:—"The junior boys of this school, having recently written to Mr. Thomas Hughes, author of 'Tom Brown,' asking his aid and permission for the publication of his book in embossed letters received the accompanying kind reply. By Mr. Hughes's permission his letter is offered by the boys to public notice, in the hope that other old Rugby men may do likewise." Mr. Hughes's letter is as follows:—"Athenæum Club, Pall-mall, May 27, 1879. My dear boys.—Nothing would gave me greater pleasure than to add in any way in my power to your few enjoyments. Of course, you are welcome to emboss 'Tom Brown,' or any other work of mine, and I will gladly give a guinea towards the expense if you will let me know to whom I shall pay it. I am not rich, or would give you the £20 required, and I hope you may soon be able to get other and better books to read yourselves. I will ask Messrs. Macmillan, my publishers, whether they can give you any help in this matter, which I am sure they will gladly do if they can. Believe me always, yours very truly,—THOMAS HUGHES."

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